THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI L. K. ADVANI): (a) 38 persons have been killed in Chamba district in Himachal Pradesh by Jammu & Kashmir militants in August, 1998.

(b) As per available information all of them belonged to Chamba district.

(c) The measures taken by the Government include keeping strict vigil over the areas in Chamba district bordering upon Doda and Kathua district in Jammu & Kashmir, gearing up the intelligence machinery, deployment of additional forces at strategic points, coordinated action by the Himachal Pradesh and Jammu & Kashmir Police, etc.

National Conviction Rate for Heinous Crimes

2706. DR B. B. DUTTA: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the national conviction rate for heinous crimes is a trifling 20 per cent;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether Government have set-up a Committee under Julio F. Rebeiro to review the recommendations of the National Police commission; and

(d) if so, the details of the meeting of the Committee held so far?

THE MINISTER HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI L. K. ADVANI): (a) and (b) Information regard to conviction rate in respect of various cognizable offences under the IPC during the year 1996 is given in the enclosed statment (*See* below). Similar information for the subsequent years is not yet available.

(c) and (d) Yes, Sir. The Committee has had a series of meetings with some of the State Governor, Chief Ministers, National Human Rights Commission, State Human Rights Commission, Minorities Commission, National Commission for Women, etc. On the basis of the discussions held so far, the Committee has submitted the first part of its report.

Statement

Number of Cases in which Trials were Completed, Number of Cases Convicted and Conviction Rate During 1996

Sl. No.	Crime head	Cases in which trials were completed	Cases Convicted	Conviction Rate
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	Murder	21524	7784	36.2
2.	Attempt to Commit Murder	17581	6178	35.1
3.	C.H. not Amounting to Murder	2468	839	34.0
4.	Rape	8436	2348	27.8
5.	Kidnapping & Abduction	7952	2245	28.2
	(i) Of Women & Girls	5989	1722	28.8
	(ii) Others	1963	523	26.6
6.	Dacoity	3627	952	26.2
7.	Preparation & Assembly For Dacoity	642	251	39.1

Statement

Number of Cases in which Trials were Completed, Number of Cases Convicted and Conviction Rate During 1996

Sl. No.	Crime-head	Cases in which trials were completed	Cases Convicted	Conviction Rate
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
8.	Robbery	8755	2563	29.3
9.	Burglary	32421	11745	36.2
10.	Theft	95637	36210	37.9
11.	Riots	53932	14013	26.0
12.	Criminal Breach of Trust	7115	2207	31.0
13.	Cheating	9438	2804	29.7
14.	Counterfeiting	386	111	28.8
15.	Arson	5091	1187	23.3
16.	Hurt/Grievous Hurt	120666	37704	31.2
17.	Dowry Deaths	2284	797	34.9
18.	Molestation	14171	4337	30.6
19.	Sexual Harassment	4144	2949	71.2
20.	Cruelty by Husband or Relatives	12120	2310	19.1
21.	Other IPC Crimes	415198	179431	43.2
22.	Total Cognizable Crime Under IPC	843588	318965	37.8

SOURCE: Crime in India data

Terrorist Activities in Rajasthan

2707. SHRI SANTOSH BAGRODIA: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of terrorist activities in the State of Rajasthan;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) the steps Government are taking so that peace loving people of Rajasthan are not attacked by the terrorists and extremists coming from other States or from outside the country?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI L.K. ADVANI): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Government of Rajasthan have intimated that since 1995, 9 terrorist related incidents of kidnapping, seizupe of arms, ammunition and explosives and bomb explosions have taken place in the State, in which 15 persons were killed and 36 injured.

(c) Several measures have been taken to curb terrorist activities in the State. Night curfew is imposed in the border areas, fencing and flood lights have been provided on the Indo-Pakistan border, police and intelligence checkposts have been strengthened, a Task Force has been constitued in the border districts, Interrogation Centres, for joint interrogation of terrorists, have been set up in major cities of the State and continuous patrolling and checking is done. Apart from this, modern weapons and communication equipment have been provided to the police personnel.